CLAIMS

1. A method of treating ocular hypertension which/comprises applying to the eye an amount sufficient to treat ocular hypertension of a compound of formula I

$$R_1$$
 $A-B$
 R_2

wherein the dashed bonds represent a single or double bond which can be in the cis or trans configuration. A is an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from two to six carbon atoms, which radical may be interrupted by one or more oxide radicals and substituted with one or more hydroxy, oxo, alkyloxy or akylcarboxy groups wherein said alkyl radical comprises from one to six carbon atoms; B is a cycloalkyl radical having from three to seven carbon atoms, or an aryl radical, selected from the group consisting of hydrocarbyl aryl and heteroaryl radicals having from four to ten carbon atoms wherein the heteroatom is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur atoms; X is a radical selected from the group consisting of OR⁴ and -N(R⁴)₂ wherein R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, a lower alkyl radical having from one to six

carbon atoms, R⁵-C- or R⁵-O-C- wherein R⁵ is a lower alkyl radical having from one to six carbon atoms; Z is =O or represents 2 hydrogen radicals; one of R₁ and R₂ is =O, -OH or a -O(CO)R₆ group, and the other one is -OH or -O(CO)R₆, or R₁ is =O and R₂ is H, wherein R₆ is a saturated or unsaturated acyclic hydrocarbon group having from I to about 20 carbon atoms, or -(CH₂)mR₇ wherein m is 0-10, and R₇ is cycloalkyl radical, having from three to seven carbon atoms, or a hydrocarbyl aryl or heteroaryl radical, as defined above, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, provided however that

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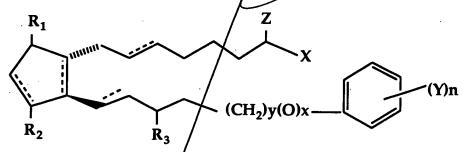
when B is not substituted with a pendant heteroatom-containing radical and Z is =0, then X is not -OR⁴.

2. The method of Claim 1 wherein said compound is a represented by the formula (II)

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_3
 $(CH_2)y(O)x$
 $(Y)n$

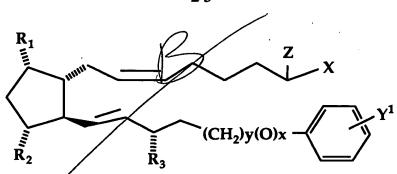
wherein y is 0 or 1, x is 0 or 1 and x+y are not both 1, Y is a radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, thiol, hydroxy, alkyloxy, alkyloxy and halosubstituted alkyl, wherein said alkyl radical comprises from one to six carbon atoms, n is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3 and R3 is =0, $-O(CO)R_6$.

3. The method of claim 2 wherein said compound is represented by formula III.



wherein hatched lines indicate the α configuration and solid triangles indicate the β /configuration.

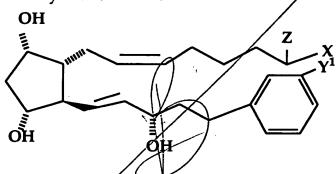
20 4. The method of claim 3 wherein said compound is represented by the formula IV.



wherein Y^1 is Cl or trifluoromethyl.

5. The method of claim 4 wherein said compound is a represented by the formula V

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and the 9- and/or 11- and/or 15 esters, thereof.

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The method of claim 5 wherein Z is =O and X is selected from the group consisting of NH2 or OCH3.

y'isclortrifluoromethyl

The method of claim 5 wherein $\frac{4}{3}$ is $\frac{1}{3}$, Z is $\frac{1}{3}$ 0 and X is selected from the group consisting of alkoxy and amido radicals.

The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is selected from 8. the group consisting of:

cyclopentane heptenol-5-cis/2-/302-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-transpentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, $[1]_{\alpha}$, $[2]_{\beta}$, $[3]_{\alpha}$, $[3]_{$ 20

> cyclopentane heptenamide \$\frac{1}{2}\$-cis-2-(3α-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-transpentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, $[1_{\alpha}, 2_{\beta}, 3_{\alpha}, 5_{\alpha}]$;

	phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, $[1_{\alpha}, 2_{\beta}, 3_{\alpha}, 5_{\alpha}]$;
5	cyclopentane heptenyl methoxide-5-cis-2-(3 α /hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
	cyclopentane heptenyl ethoxide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_{\alpha}$, 2 $_{\beta}$, 3 $_{\alpha}$, 5 $_{\alpha}$];
10	cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
15	cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-c/s-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_{\alpha}$, 2 $_{\beta}$, 3 $_{\alpha}$, 5 $_{\alpha}$ l;
	cyclopentane N-isopropyl Repteneamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_a$, 2 $_b$, 3 $_a$, 5 $_a$];
20	cyclopentane N-ethyl heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
	cyclopentane N-methyl heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
25	cyclopentane heptenol-5-cis-2-(3- α hydroxy-4-m-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, $[1_{\alpha}, 2_{\beta}, 3_{\alpha}, 5_{\alpha}]$;
30	cyclopentane heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-m-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α] and
·	cyclopentane heptenol-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α]

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- 9. The method of claim 7 wherein X is selected from the group consisting of NH2 and OCH3.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:

cyclopentane heptenoic acid-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chloro-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chloro-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

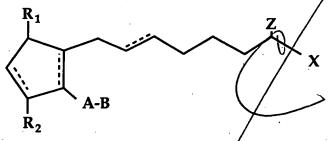
cyclopentane heptenylamide 5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-trifluoromethylphenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α ,

15 5_{α}]; and

cyclopentane heptenonic acid-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-trifluoromethyl-phonoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α].

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11. A method of treating cardiovascular pulmonary-respiratory, gastrointestinal, reproductive and allergic diseases and shock in a human which comprises administering to said human an effective amount of a compound of formula I



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wherein the dashed bonds represent a single or double bond which can be in the cis or trans configuration, A is an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from two to six carbon atoms, which radical may be interrupted by one or more oxide radicals and substituted with one or more hydroxy, oxo, alkyloxy or akylcarboxy groups wherein said alkyl radical comprises from one to six carbon

atoms, or an aryl radical, selected from the group consisting of hydrocarbyl aryl and heteroaryl radicals having from four to ten carbon atoms wherein the heteroatom is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur atoms; X is a radical selected from the group consisting of-OR⁴ and -N(R⁴)₂ wherein R⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, a lower alkyl radical having from one to six

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carbon atoms, R⁵-C- or R⁵-O-C- wherein R⁵ is a lower alkyl radical having from one to six carbon atoms; Z is =O or represents 2 hydrogen radicals; one of Ry and R₂ is =O, -OH or a -O(CO)R₆ group, and the other one is -OH or -O(CO)R₆, or R₁ is =O and R₂ is H, wherein R₆ is a saturated or unsaturated acyclic hydrocarbon group having from 1 to about 20 carbon atoms, or -(CH₂)mR₇ wherein m is 0-10, and R₇ is cycloalkyl radical, having from three to seven carbon atoms, or a hydrocarbyl aryl or heteroaryl radical, as defined above, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, provided however that when B is not substituted with a pendant heteroatom-containing radical and Z is =O, then X is not -OR⁴.

12. The method of Claim X wherein said compound is a represented by the formula (II)

$$R_1$$
 X
 R_2
 R_3
 $(CH_2)y(O)x$
 X
 $(CH_2)y(O)x$

wherein y is 0 or 1, x is 0 or 1 and x+ y are not both 1, Y is a radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, thiol, hydroxy, alkyloxy, alkylcarboxy and halosubstituted alkyl, wherein said alkyl radical comprises from one to six carbon atoms, n is 0 or an integer of from 1 to 3 and R3 is =O, -OH or -O(CO)R6.

30 13. The method of claim 2 wherein said compound is represented by formula III.

$$R_1$$
 X
 $(CH_2)y(O)x$
 R_3

wherein hatched lines indicate the α configuration and solid triangles indicate the β configuration.

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14. The method of claim 3 wherein said compound is represented by the formula IV.

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$$R_1$$
 X
 X
 $C(CH_2)y(O)x$
 X
 X

wherein Y^1 is Cl or trifluoromethyl.

A

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1-5

15. The method of claim A wherein said compound is a represented by the formula V



and the 9- and/or 11- and/or 15 esters, thereof.

A

16. The method of claim b wherein Z is =O and X is selected from the group consisting of NH₂ or OCH₃.

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17. The method of claim 5 wherein Y is O, Z is =O and X is selected from the group consisting of alkoxy and amido radicals.

18. The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:

cyclopentane heptenol-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-transpentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

- cyclopentane heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
 - 3 cyclopentane N,N-dimethylheptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

cyclopentane heptenyl methoxide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

cyclopentane heptenyl ethoxide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

- cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_{\alpha}$, 2 $_{\beta}$, 3 $_{\alpha}$, 5 $_{\alpha}$];
- cyclopentane N-isopropyl heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_a$, 2 $_b$, 3 $_a$, 5 $_a$];

cyclopentane N-ethyl heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

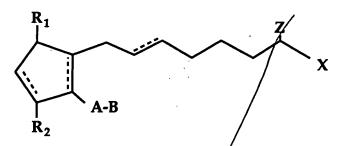
35 cyclopentane N-methyl heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];

	cyclopentane N-methyl heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenyl-1 trans-pentenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
5	cyclopentane heptenol-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-m-chlorophenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
10	cyclopentane heptenamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-m-chlorophenoxy-1 trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_{\alpha}$, 2 $_{\beta}$, 3 $_{\alpha}$, 5 $_{\alpha}$] and
	cyclopentane heptenol-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_{\alpha}$, 2 $_{\beta}$, 3 $_{\alpha}$, 5 $_{\alpha}$]
15	19. The method of claim 7 wherein X is selected from the group consisting of NH ₂ and OCH ₃ .
·	20. The method of claim 1 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:
20	cyclopentane heptenoic acid-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chloro-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
25	cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-chloro-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α];
	cyclopentane heptenylamide-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 α , 2 β , 3 α , 5 α]; and
30	cyclopentane heptenonic acid-5-cis-2-(3 α -hydroxy-4-meta-trifluoromethylphenoxy-1-trans-butenyl)-3, 5-dihydroxy, [1 $_{\alpha}$, 2 $_{\beta}$, 3 $_{\alpha}$, 5 $_{\alpha}$].

A compound useful for treating cardiovascular pulmonary-

respiratory, gastrointestinal, reproductive and allergic diseases and

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wherein the dashed bonds represent a single or double bond which can be in the cis or trans configuration, A is an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from two to six carbon atoms, which radical may be interrupted by one or more oxide radicals and substituted with one or more hydroxy, oxo, alkyloxy or akylcarboxy groups wherein said alkyl radical comprises from one to six carbon atoms; B is a cycloalkyl radical having from three to seven carbon atoms, or an aryl radical, selected from the group consisting of hydrocarbyl aryl and heteroaryl radicals having from four to ten carbon atoms wherein the heteroatom is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur atoms; X is a radical selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, a lower alkyl radical having from one to six

carbon atoms, R⁵-C- or R⁵-O-C- wherein R⁵ is a lower alkyl radical having from one to six carbon atoms; Z is =O or represents 2 hydrogen radicals; one of R₁ and R₂ is =O, -OH or a -O(CO)R₆ group, and the other one is -OH or -O(CO)R₆, or R₁ is =O and R₂ is H, wherein R₆ is a saturated or unsaturated acyclic hydrocarbon group having from 1 to about 20 carbon atoms, or -(CH₂)mR₇ wherein m is 0-10, and R₇ is cycloalkyl radical, having from three to seven carbon atoms, or a hydrocarbyl aryl or heteroaryl radical, as defined above, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, provided however that when B is not substituted with a pendant heteroatom containing radical and Z is =O, then x is not -OR⁴.

fluprostenol and their pharmaceutically acceptable esters and salts.

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